





U.S. Army Toxic Metal Reduction Program: Demonstrating Alternatives to Hexavalent Chromium and Cadmium in Surface Finishing

For ASETSDefense 18 November 2014

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Report Documentation Page

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Environmental Acquisition & Logistics Sustainment Program Elements

- ORDNANCE ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM
- TOXIC METAL REDUCTION
- AIRBORNE LEAD REDUCTION
- ZERO FOOTPRINT CAMP



• STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

• ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY TECHNOLOGY CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

• JOINT INSENSITIVE MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM

• JOINT SERVICE SOLVENT SUBSTITUTIONS

EALSP

Sustain Mission Readiness
Enhance Logistics Support
Integrate Environmental Acquisition
Improve Soldier Survivability

Joint/Office of the Secretary of Defense

- PROTECTIVE COATING DEVELOPMENT
- MATERIAL DURABILITY TESTING
- NON-METALS RESEARCH



- RDT&E MATRIX SUPPORT
- ENVIRONMENTAL RISK MANAGEMENT
 - **•SUPPORT TO PEOS/PMS**
 - OZONE DEPLETING CHEMICALS
 - GREENHOUSE GASES

ASA(ALT)
Environmental
Support
Office

DEFENSE SAFETY OVERSIGHT COUNCIL
 VOLUNTARY PROTECTION PROGRAMS

NET ZERO INSTALLATIONS

National
Defense Center
for Energy and
Environment



Toxic Metal Reduction in Surface Finishing Processes

<u>Purpose:</u> Reduce/eliminate toxic, carcinogenic metals (e.g., hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI)), cadmium (Cd)) in Army metal plating, surface finishing <u>Addresses:</u> High priority Army Environmental Requirements and Technology Assessment (AERTA) PP-2-02-04, OSD memo and DFARS clause



75% reduction in Cr(VI) used in electroplating
100% of Cr(VI) used in pretreatments
75% reduction in Cd associated with Cr(VI) finishes
Reduction in toxic materials/waste (e.g., cyanide, phosphate sludge)





The Long and Winding Road

FY07: Identified as high priority Pollution Prevention (P2) requirement

FY08-14: Discretionary funding to initiate program

FY10: NDCEE Toxic Metal Impacts Survey

FY12: AMCOM G-4 detailed assessment of hazardous materials utilized in Army depot plating shops

- Requirements
- Alternative Technology Assessments
- Technology Gaps

FY13: TMR approved as critical, valid funding requirement

FY14: Program Build

- Projects must "buy-out" process completely
- Technology Transition Agreements in coordination

FY15: Demonstration projects initiated

October: 1st TTA signed by PEO Aviation, CCAD

Reduction of Toxic Metals in Army Surface Finishing Processes: Environmental Requirement and Technology Assessment

/20/2010

Hazardous Plating Shop Processes

Chromic acid anodizing of aluminum'

Aluminum conversion coatings*

Hard chrome plating*

Magnesium anodizing*

Sealers and rinses*

Stripping of anodizing and platings*

Passivation of stainless steel*

Cad Plating

Nickel Plating

Electroless Nickel

Etching

*Contains Cr6+





RDECOM® What is the requirement?

ARMY Environmental Quality Technology Program



Wash Primer

Army Environmental Requirements and Technology Assessments

(AERTA)

November 2012

#2 P2TT priority (2013)

<u>Process</u>	<u>Specification</u>	Hazardous Chemicals	
Aluminum Conversion	MIL-C-5541-E		
Coating	MIL-DTL-81706B	Sodium Dichromate	
		Chromic Acid, Sodium	
All of a Assett a	MIL-A-8625F Type I	Dichromate, Chromium	
Aluminum Anodize	and IB	Trioxide	
Orderium Break Blate	MIL OTD 0050	Cadmium Special, Cadmium	
Cadmium Brush Plate	MIL-STD-865C	Alkaline, Cadmium Acid	
		Cadmium Oxide, Sodium	
	SAE AMS-QQ-P-	Cyanide, Cadmium, Nickel	
Cadmium Plating	416B Type II	Chloride, Iridite	
Hard Chrome Plate	SAE AMS-QQ-C-320	Chromic Acid	
		Copper Cyanide, Sodium	
Copper Plating	ASTM 2418F	Cyanide, Sodium Dichromate	
Electroless Nickel	AMS2404F	Nickel Chloride	
Magnesium Anodize -	AMS-M-3171 Type III,	Chromic Acid, Sodium	
Conversion Coating	IV, VI	Dichromate	
		Nickel Chloride, Nickel	
Nickel Plating	SAE AMS QQ-N-290	Sulfate, Nickel Sulfamate	
Passivate	SAE AMS 2700B	Sodium Dichromate	
	MIL-DTL-16232G	Chromium Trioxide, Chromic	
Phosphate	TT-C-490, Type I	Acid	
		Potassium Cyanide, Silver	
Silver Plating	ASTM B700-97	Cyanide	

DOD-P-15328

Zinc chromate

TT-C-490F





RDECOM® FY15-19 Planned TMR Projects

Start	Project Title				
FY12/FY15	Cr(VI)-Free, Low VOC Alternatives for Spray-In-Place, Mixed Metal Pretreatment				
FY13/FY15	Cr(VI)-Free Surface Activation and Preparation for Metal Plating				
FY14	Cr(VI)-Free Hard Chrome Electroplating				
FY14	Cr(VI)-Free Conversion Coatings				
FY15	Cr(VI)-Free Aluminum Anodizing				
FY15	Cyanide-Free Copper and Silver Electroplating				
FY15	Toxicity Assessments and Testing of Alternative Materials and Processes				
	Cold Spray - Large Caliber Gun Barrel Coatings and Donor Tubes				
	Cold Spray - Portable System and Internal Diameter Applications				
	Citric Acid Passivation				
	Cadmium-Free Connectors and Fasteners				
	Cadmium-Free Plating for Components				
	Dichromate-Free Sealers / Primers				
	Cr(VI)-Free Sealants and Adhesives				





Cr(VI)-Free Low VOC Alternatives for Spray-in-Place, Mixed Metal Pretreatments, TMR 12-01

- **Objective:** Eliminate Cr(VI) in multi-metal spray-on pretreatment applications (alternative to wash primer)
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Reduce Cr(VI) by 24K lbs/year, VOCs by 2.4M lbs/year
 - Potential violation of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) emission limits could restrict maintenance activities
 - Eventual cancellation of DOD-P-15328 technology gap
- Intended end product: Validated Cr(VI) spray applied chemical pretreatments for multi-metal applications per TT-C-490F
- Technology:
 - Commercially available metal pretreatment technologies on multiple substrates and mixed metal assemblies
 - 1. Zircobond 4200 (zirconium immersion chemistry)
 - 2. Oxsilan 9810/2 (organo-silane polymers)
 - 3. Bonderite (phosphoric acid, hexaflourotitanic acid, Mn)
- Weapon systems impacted: All systems currently using DOD-P-15328 chromated wash primer (including MRAP, Stryker, HMMWV, ground support equipment (GSE))
- Transition Path: TT-C-490F Qualified Product Database
- POC: Jack Kelley, ARL, john.v.kelley8.civ@mail.mil
 - IPT: ARL, Letterkenny Army Depot (LEAD), Red River Army Depot, (RRAD), Anniston Army Depot (ANAD), Henkel, PPG



Laboratory Testing

Down-selection/Outdoor testing

Demo at LEAD

Demo at RRAD and ANAD

• QPD for TT-C-490



Cr(VI)-Free Surface Activation and Preparation for Metal Plating, TMR 13-03

- Objective: Eliminate chromic acid (Cr(VI)) used in stripping anodized coatings from aluminum
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Eliminate 1,400 lbs/year of chromic acid at Corpus Christi Army Depot (CCAD) in anodize stripping processes
- Intended end product: Validated Cr(VI) free chemical stripper for anodized coating on aluminum (Type I, Type III and alternative processes)
- Technology: Commercially available chemical strippers
 - NaOH Stripper/Deoxider
 - LNC Deoxidizer (ferric sulfate, nitric acid, HF)
 - Sikorsky (proprietary)
 - Stripol ANO
 - Metalast ADS 1000 (sulfuric acid)
- Weapon systems impacted: All systems that use anodized aluminum, including ground tactical and support equipment and aviation systems
- Transition Path: Revision to MIL-A-8625
- POC: Jack Kelley, ARL, john.v.kelley8.civ@mail.mil
 - •IPT: ARL, AMCOM, AMRDEC, ANAD, PEO-Stryker Brigade Combat Team, Hubbard Hall, Henkel, Chemetall, AMZ Manufacturing, PPI Aerospace



Develop testing protocol

Laboratory testing

• Down-select

Demonstration at ANAD/CCAD

Specification revisions



Cr(VI)-Free Hard Chrome Electroplating, TMR 14-01

- Objective: Eliminate Cr(VI) from electroplated hard chrome (EHC) processes
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Eliminate 5 tons of chromic acid used in in EHC in Army depot operations (ANAD, CCAD, Rock Island Arsenal)
- Intended end product: Cr(VI)-free Non-Line of Sight (NLOS) plating process that results in a hard chrome plate that meets AMS 2460 performance requirements
- Technology: Faraday Technologies developed process
 - Trivalent chromium (Cr(III)) bath chemistry
 - Pulsed, reverse waveform rectifiers/power supply
 - Non-lead anodes
 - Leverage: SBIR for stripping chrome plating
- Weapon systems impacted: All aircraft maintained at CCAD (UH-60; AH-64; AH-1; CH-47); M1 tank, Stryker, Howitzer at ANAD; processes at RIA
- Transition Path: Individual MEOs, CCAD process standard
- POC: Michael Johnson, AMCOM, michael.l.johnson17.ctr@mail.mil
 - IPT: AMCOM, AED, ARL, PEO Aviation, Utility Helicopter Project Office, CCAD, Faraday Technologies



FY14

• Laboratory testing (130 gallon)

FY15/16

 Process validation and characterization

FY17

- Establish Pilot Process (400 gallon)
- Demonstration at CCAD

FY19

Implementation



Cr(VI)-Free Conversion Coatings, TMR 14-02

FY14

- Objective: Eliminate Cr(VI) in conversion coatings (CC)
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Eliminate 12K pounds of Cr(VI) in AI CC
 - LEAD: 20K lbs/year of Cr(VI) CC solution disposal
 - Savings of over \$2.4M in chromate waste disposal
 - Consolidated ferrous and non-ferrous pretreatment line
- Intended end product: Multiple approved Cr(VI)-free CCs for aircraft and Ground Support Equipment (GSE) (multi-metal and composites), application by spray and immersion
- Technology: Assess commercially available Al pretreatments
 - Aviation: CCAD, TASM-G, Corrosion Repair Facility
 - Spray/immersion: Zirconium oxide, rare earth (Ce), silanes
 - •GSE (immersion): ANAD, LEAD, Tobyhanna Army Depot
 - Zirconium oxide, rare earth (Cerium) and silanes
 - Leverage: ESTCP (LEAD) and USMC Albany demos
- Weapon systems impacted: All tactical equipment that requires CARC
- Transition Path: TT-C-490, MIL-DTL-53072, MIL-DTL-5541, MIL-DTL-81706
- POC: Fred Lafferman, ARL, fred.lafferman.civ@mail.mil
 - IPT: AMCOM, AMRDEC, AED, TACOM, LEAD, RRAD, CCAD, TASM-G, PPG Ind.



Select candidates

Laboratory testing

Demo at aviation facility

Demo at GSE facilities

Observe demonstration

• Implementation



Cr (VI)-Free Aluminum Anodizing, TMR 15-01

- Objective: Eliminate Cr(VI) in aluminum anodizing, stripping and sealing
- Magnitude of impact:
 - CCAD anodize and anodize stripping baths use:
 - Anodize: 2300 gallon tank with 1500 lbs. chromic acid, added as needed (500 lbs. added in 2010-2011)
 - Stripping: 1 process line, 2050 lbs of dry chromic acid
 - International regulation impact on supply chain (REACH)
- Intended end product: 1) Validated Cr(VI)-free anodizing process in production environment, 2) validated Cr(VI) free chemical stripper for all forms of anodized aluminum
- Technology: Two anodize technologies, Cr(VI)-free strippers
 - 1. Sikorsky: Tartaric Sulfuric Acid Anodizing
 - 2. NAVAIR: Thin Film Sulfuric Acid Anodizing process
 - 3. Cr(VI)-free strippers for legacy, alternative anodize (ARL)
- Weapon systems impacted: All aircraft maintained at CCAD (UH-60; AH-64; CH-47), including other Service aircraft
- Transition Path: CCAD process standard, MIL-A-8625, MEO added to DMWRs
- POC: Scott Howison, AMCOM, stephen.s.howison.civ@mail.mil
 - IPT: AMCOM, ARL, Sikorsky, AMRDEC-AED, CCAD, UH-60 Project Office (PO), AH-64E Apache PO, CH-47 PO



• Initiate laboratory testing with Sikorsky

Laboratory evaluation of anodic coating stripper

Implementation of stripping process

Demonstration at CCAD

FY19 • Implementation through MEO





Cyanide-Free Copper and Silver Electroplating, TMR 15-02

- **Objective:** Eliminate cyanide from copper and silver electroplating at CCAD
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Cyanide alarm requirement: Up to 1 hr evacuation per alarm
 - Cyanide solutions classified as a RCRA waste (F007, F008)
- Intended end product:
 - Non-cyanide products and processes for copper and silver plating/strike demonstrated at CCAD
 - Non-chromic acid and non-cyanide stripping methods to remove copper and silver plating/strike demonstrated at CCAD
- Technology:
 - Leverage DoD, commercially available plating chemistry
 - E-Brite 30/30 and E-Brite Ultra Cu (Copper)
 - E-Brite 50/50 (Silver), Silver Cyless II
 - Cold spray for LOS Cu or Ag deposition
 - Cyanide, Cr(VI)-free stripping process for copper and silver
- Transition: MEOs at CCAD
- Weapon systems impacted: All aircraft maintained at CCAD (UH-60; AH-64; AH-1; CH-47)
- POC: Sheree York, AMCOM, sheree.t.york.civ@mail.mil
 - IPT: AMCOM G-4, CCAD, EPI, AED, ARL, AH-64 PO, UH-60 PO, CH-47 PO



Small Spur Gear, P/N 70351-08088-102

 Establish Pilot Process at CCAD Evaluate CS **FY15**

• Demonstrate Plating/Strike

FY16 Laboratory testing

FY18

•Implement Plating/Strike **FY17**

Demonstrate Stripping

• Implement Cr(VI)-Free Stripping



Cold Spray - Large Caliber Gun Barrel Coatings and Donor Tubes, TMR 13-01

- Objective: Eliminate Cr(VI) used in plating large and medium caliber bore coatings
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Toxic material disposal ~\$180k per year
 - Extended barrel life 2-3x increase in life
- Intended end product: Cr(VI)-free, more erosion resistant bore coatings for large & medium caliber guns
- Technology:
 - Optimized cold spray (CS) process with tantalum (Ta), tungsten (W) and niobium (Nb) powders
 - Right-angle ID nozzle for direct CS application (large)
 - Additive manufacturing process to produce near-net formed donor tubes for explosive cladding (medium)
- Weapon systems impacted:
 - Large Cal: M256 120mm (chamber & bore), M284,
 M199, & M776 155mm (chambers only)
 - Medium Cal: M242 25mm Bushmaster, M230 30mm,
 GAU-12 25mm, 30mm Bushmaster II, EAPS 50mm
- **POC:** Vic Champagne, ARL, victor.k.champagne.civ@mail.mil
 - IPT: ARL, Benet Laboratories



FY13

- Identify/Develop/Acquire materials
- Develop and design equipment

FY14

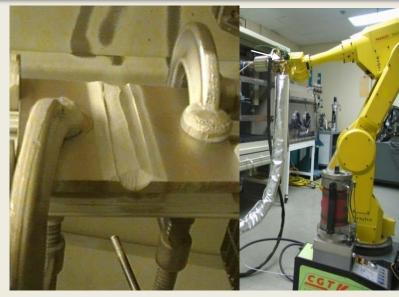
- Optimize ID nozzle
- Powder development
- Execute JTP at Benet for validation
- FY16 Demo Project Plan





Cold Spray - Portable System and Internal Diameter Applications, TMR 13-02

- Objective: Eliminate Cr(VI) in electroplated hard chrome
- Magnitude of impact:
 - Potential to eliminate Cr(VI) in all Line-of-Sight (LOS) hard chrome applications
 - Increase throughput for dimensional restoration
 - Mobile repair processes
- Intended end product: Cr(VI)-free portable CS system for field repair, production process for inner diameter applications
- Technology:
 - Portable CS equipment with optimized ID nozzle with amorphous iron, Cr, Ni, and CrC-NiC powders
 - Dimensional restoration of hard (HRC 45+) surface
 - Coordinated path forward for LOS applications
- Weapon systems impacted: all LOS hard chrome surfaces (e.g., U-joints for tracked vehicles, M1A1 Sun Gear, HMMWV Ring / Pinion Gears, EMI Shielding for Electronic Shelters)
- POC: Vic Champagne, ARL, victor.k.champagne.civ@mail.mil



FY13

• Identify/acquire powders

Develop Joint Test protocol

FY14

- Characterization
- Laboratory trials

Validation on BER parts

• FY16 Demo project plan



Example: Potential Impact of Projects at CCAD Plating Shop (Building 340)

Duncia	% Cr(VI)	Start Date
Project	Reduction	(Overall/CCAD)
Cr(VI)-Free Hard Chrome Electroplating	35	FY14/17
Cr (VI)-Free Aluminum Anodizing	13	FY15/17
Cr(VI)-Free Surface Activation and Preparation		
for Metal Plating	5	FY14/16
Cyanide-Free Copper and Silver Electroplating	2	FY15/15
Cr(VI)-Free Conversion Coatings	7	FY14/16
Tagnite Application for Legacy Components	15	FY14/15
Conversion coating for cadmium plating	7	FYTBD
Black Oxide Sealer (Cr(VI))	2	FYTBD
Passivation and Corrosion Treatment (Cr(VI))	12	FYTBD
Chromated sealant for Phosphate Acid Dip	2	FYTBD
TOTAL Plating Shop	100	





- U.S. Army Public Health Command will publish Toxicology Assessments for all proposed alternatives
 - Literature review
 - Computational modeling
 - Data collection
 - Toxicity Testing, if necessary
- Data will inform acquisition documentation and occupational exposure requirements
 - Toxicity Clearance, Health Hazard Assessment, PESHE, LCEA
 - Occupational Exposure Limits

- Army TMR Program will conduct demonstrations of more sustainable surface finishing processes at Army depots, installations from FY15-19
- P2 Technology Team will support transition through document changes, maintenance orders and updates to QPD
- Eliminate 100% of Cr(VI), Cd or toxic constituents in select processes Army-wide
- Seeking leveraging opportunities, data sharing, support for specification changes and promising technologies for future demonstrations